

Answers to Grade Grabber 12

Answer 1

$$\begin{aligned}(x + 4)(x - 3)(x + 3) &= (x + 4)(x^2 - 9) \\ &= x^3 + 4x^2 - 9x - 36\end{aligned}$$

[3 marks]

Answer 2

$$24e^4g + 32e^3g^5 = 8e^3g(3e + 4g^4)$$

[2 marks]

Answer 3

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Average Speed} &= \frac{\text{Total Distance}}{\text{Total Time}} \\ &= \frac{264}{2.75} \\ &= 96 \text{ km h}^{-1}\end{aligned}$$

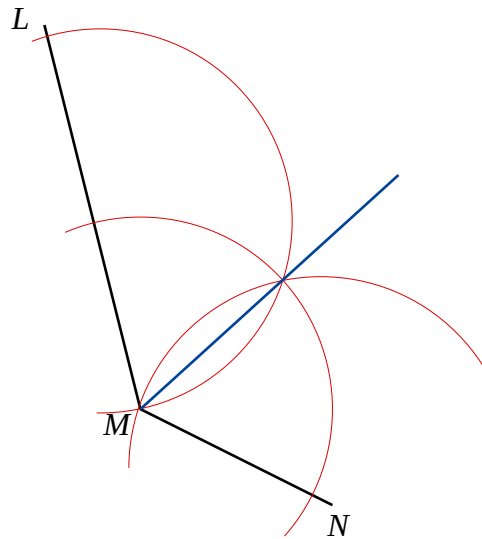
[3 marks]

Answer 4

$$\begin{aligned}\text{LHS} &= 2 - (x - 2) \div \left(\frac{x^2 - 4}{2x + 3} \right) \\ &= 2 - (x - 2) \times \frac{2x + 3}{x^2 - 4} \\ &= 2 - \frac{(x - 2)(2x + 3)}{(x - 2)(x + 2)} \\ &= 2 - \frac{(2x + 3)}{(x + 2)} \\ &= \frac{2(x + 2) - (2x + 3)}{(x + 2)} \\ &= \frac{2x + 4 - 2x - 3}{x + 2} \\ &= \frac{1}{x + 2} \\ &= \text{RHS as it's of the form } \frac{a}{x + b} \text{ with } a = 1, b = 2\end{aligned}$$

[5 marks]

Answer 5



[3 marks]

Answer 6

$$x^2 - 3x - 18 = 0$$

$$(x + 3)(x - 6) = 0$$

Either $x = -3$ or $x = 6$

[3 marks]

Answer 7

2 parts must be £26

$$2 \times £13 : 5 \times £13 : 3 \times £13$$

$$\text{Total is, } 10 \times £13 = £130$$

[4 marks]

Answer 8

(i)

$$(5x + 2)(2x + 1) = 60$$

$$10x^2 + 9x + 2 = 60$$

$$10x^2 + 9x - 58 = 0 \quad \square$$

[3 marks]

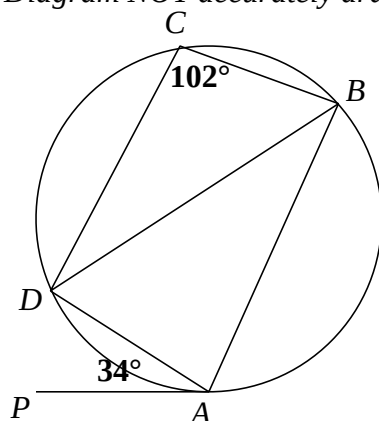
$$(10x + 29)(x - 2) = 0$$

As a length cannot be negative, $x = 2$ is the only valid solution

$$\text{Area lawn} = 10 \times 4$$

$$= 40 \text{ m}^2$$

[4 marks]

Answer 9*Diagram NOT accurately drawn*

$\angle DAB = 78^\circ$ as opposite sides in cyclic quadrilateral $ABCD$ sum to 180°

$\angle ABD = 34^\circ$ alternate angle theorem

$\angle ADB = 68^\circ$ angles in a triangle sum to 180°

[5 marks]**Answer 10**

$$y = 28x^2 + \frac{7}{x}$$

$$= 28x^2 + 7x^{-1}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 56x - 7x^{-2}$$

For a stationary point, $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$

$$56x - 7x^{-2} = 0$$

Multiply through by x^2

$$56x^3 - 7 = 0$$

$$x^3 = \frac{7}{56}$$

$$= \frac{1}{8}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{Point is } \left(\frac{1}{2}, 21 \right)$$

[5 marks]